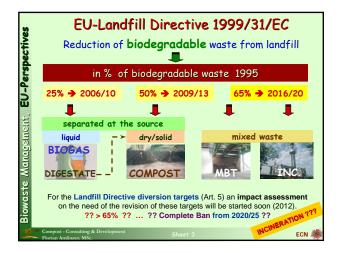
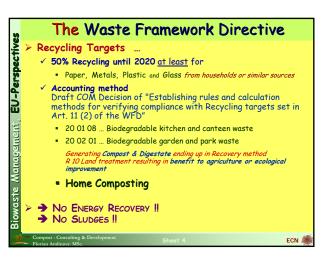
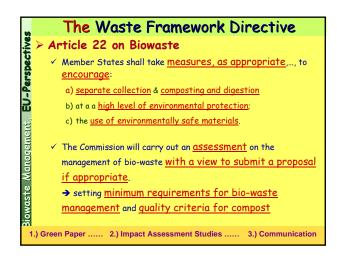
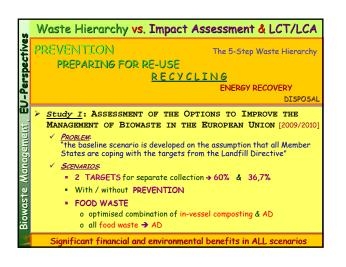


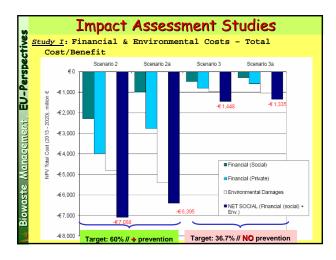
European Legislation and Policy on Biowaste > EU Landfill Directive; (EC) Nr. 1999/31	
EU Waste Framework Directive; (EC) Nr. 2008/98	
✓ Recycling Targets- Biowaste	
 Waste Hierearchy & Life Cycle Thinking (!) 	
✓ End of Waste for Compost & Digestate	
 Communication on the Management of Bio-Waste in the EU COM(2011) 571 final 	
EU Climate Change Programme	
Fertiliser Regulation (EC) Nr. 2003/2003	
Animal By-Products Regulation (EC) Nr. 1069/2009	
REACH - EU Chemicals Regulation (EC) Nr. 1907/2006	
> IPPC / Industrial Emission Directive; 2(EC) Nr. 2010/75	
Renewable Energy Directive (EC) Nr. 28/2009	
Roadmap to a Resource Efficient Europe COM(2011) 571 final	
EU Soil Protection Strategy COM(2006) 231 final	
mpost - Consulting & Development Sheet 2 ECN	. #









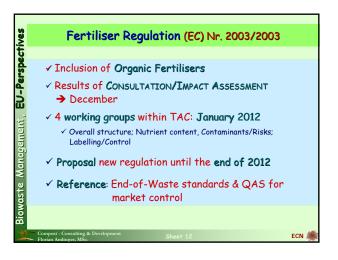


Ņ	Impact Assessment St	udies
EU-Perspective:	<u>Study I</u> : Reductions of GHG emission	
spec	in 2020 compared to the baseline	
ers	60% recycling + prevention	40 Mt
5	Of which: waste prevention	80%
	36.7% Recycling No Prevention	Ca. 2 Mt
Managemeni	> CONCLUSION COMMISSION:	
age	" make best use of the existing regula	atory framework
Man	Member States may choose the best of	ptions for
te /	their respective circumstances."	wasta for
owaste	NO additional regulation or ta: Biowaste	
Biov	Compost - Com Assessment of implementation of existing regulati	ons 2014
Y	Compost - Com Florian Amlineer, MSc. Sheet 8	ECN 🌲

s		Impact	Assessment	Studies	
owaste Manggement, <mark>EU-Perspective</mark>	SETT Inclu ✓ <u>Re</u>	ING BIO-WAS DING SUBSIDIA <u>SULT</u> : NO fundamen targets bring	MENT OF FEASIBI <u>STE RECYCLING</u> URITY ASPECTS [2 Ital revision of p net benefits of bio-waste re	TARGETS	ilts : both
Aana	Scenario	Target	Removed Biowaste from MSW	NET Benefit 2013 - 2020	GHG Reduction
ste /	I	60% food waste 90% garden waste	88 Mt +27 Mt capacity	3,000 M€	6 M† CO ₂
Biowa	II	36.5%	21 Mt +5 Mt capacity	668 M€	1.5 Mt CO ₂
Y	Compost - Cor Florian Amlins	nsulting & Development ver. MSc.	Sheet 9		ECN 🝂

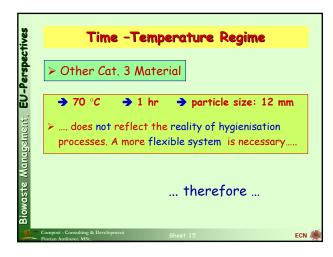






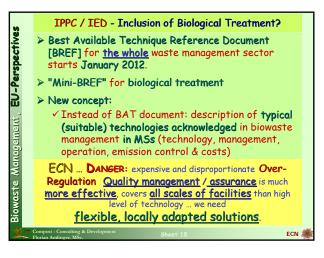


ves	≻ <u>Ca</u>	tering Waste	→ <u>National rules</u>
EU-rerspectiv	> Ar	ticle 15 (2) (a) (ii)	
S S	> Per	nding the adoption of	common (EU) rules
Ľ	\succ	Member States may <mark>adop</mark> t	<u>t</u> or <u>maintain</u> <u>national rules</u> for:
- -		the transformation of ani Article 10(p) [=catering w	mal by-products referred to in aste]
wallagallen	luding:		
อ	ا ۲	manure;	
Ĩ	> (digestive tract content se	parated from the digestive tract;
		nilk; milk-based products; colostrum products;	milk-derived products; colostrum;
DIOWOSTE	> (eggs; egg products;	
Š	> 1	former foodstuff which h	as undergone processing.



			-
Composting system	°C	Time	Further conditions
OPEN windrows	> 55 °C	10 days	> At least 3 to 5 times of
	65 °C	3 days	physical agitation (turning)
CLOSED Systems	60 °C	3 days	 > 40 to 55% moisture > Min 6 - 8 weeks composting
ANAEROBIC	> 55 ℃	24 h	> Followed by composting (?)
Digestion thermophile		20 days	> see above
ANAEROBIC			≻Pasteutisation unit OR
Digestion	< 40 °	28 days	➤Followed by composting
mesophile			> see above





ECN 🔏

- Renewable Energy DIR. (EC) Nr. 28/2009
- ➤ Target → 2020: 20% renewable recourses; 10% trafic sector
- Target
 2020
 Framework for
 Make use of regional inve developme
 - ✓ Make use of manune and agricultural residues: decentralised, regional investments → new agricultural income → rural development
 - Sustainability criteria for biofuels and bioliquids
 - ✓ CO₂ savings: ≥ 35%
 - \checkmark Respecting biodiversity and soil/landscape conservation

Definition of BIOMASS

- 'biomass' means the biodegradable fraction of products, waste and residues from biological origin from agriculture (including vegetal and animal substances), forestry and related industries including fisheries and aquaculture, as well as the biodegradable fraction of industrial and municipal waste;
- ✓ Energy Efficiency Coefficient is missing

Roadmap for Resource Efficiency in Europe EU-Perspectives Important initiative: it includes the change of the waste status into a qualification as resource. - revision of the Waste framework Directive -> 2014 - biowaste recycling = resource management. → use of phosphorous sources ≻ → reduce erosion increase organic matter in soil, + biodiversity. ➢ full implementation of the EU waste acquis → minimum targets Stimulate demand for recycled materials -> economic incentives (2012); Minimum recycled material rates (2012); ≻ Public / EU funding -> support recycling plants rather than incinerators ≻ (2014): > Review existing prevention, re-use, recycling and landfill diversion targets → economy based on recycling → residual waste close to zero → 2014 Biow

ECN 🏄

