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Biological treatment technologies and practices *composting – biogas – MBT*

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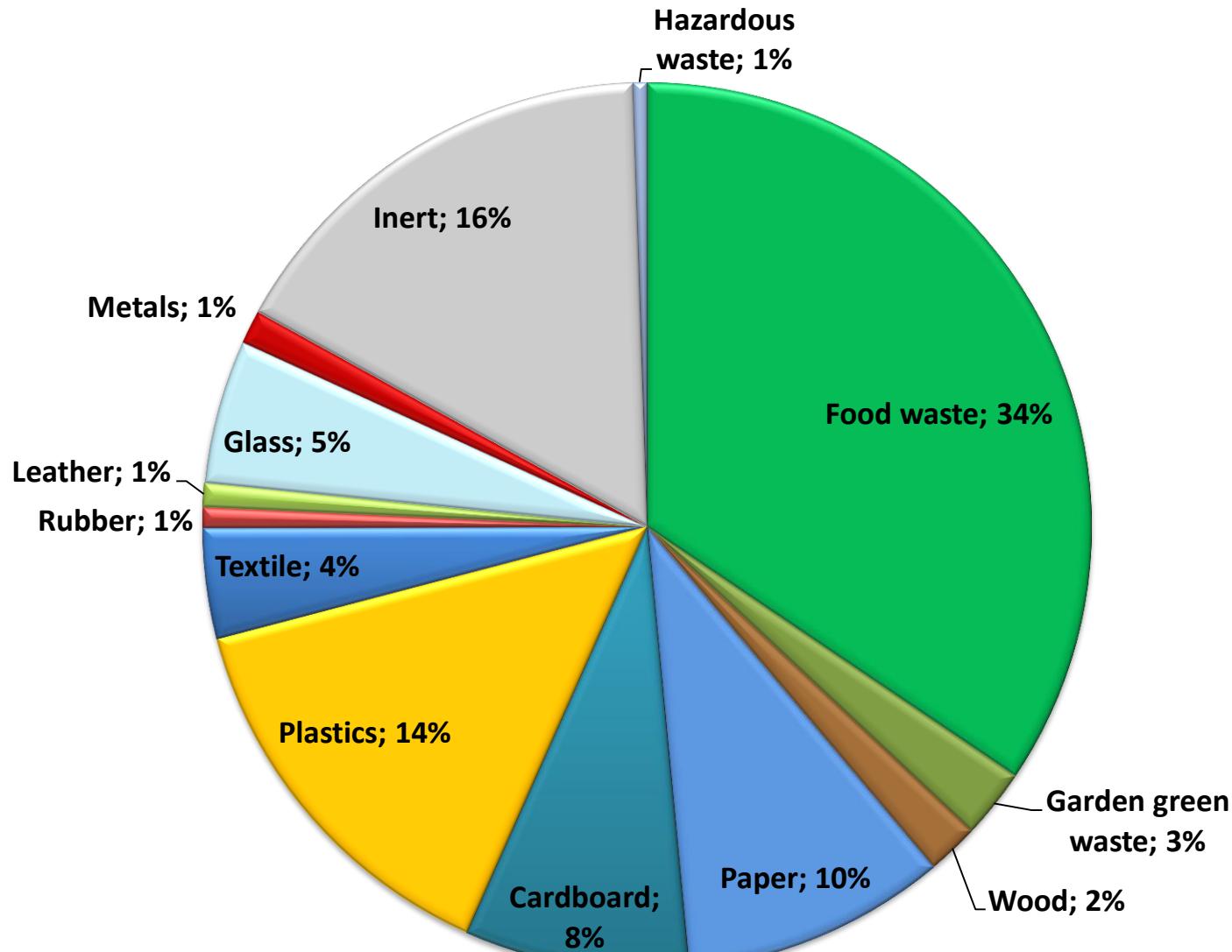
What do we want to achieve ?



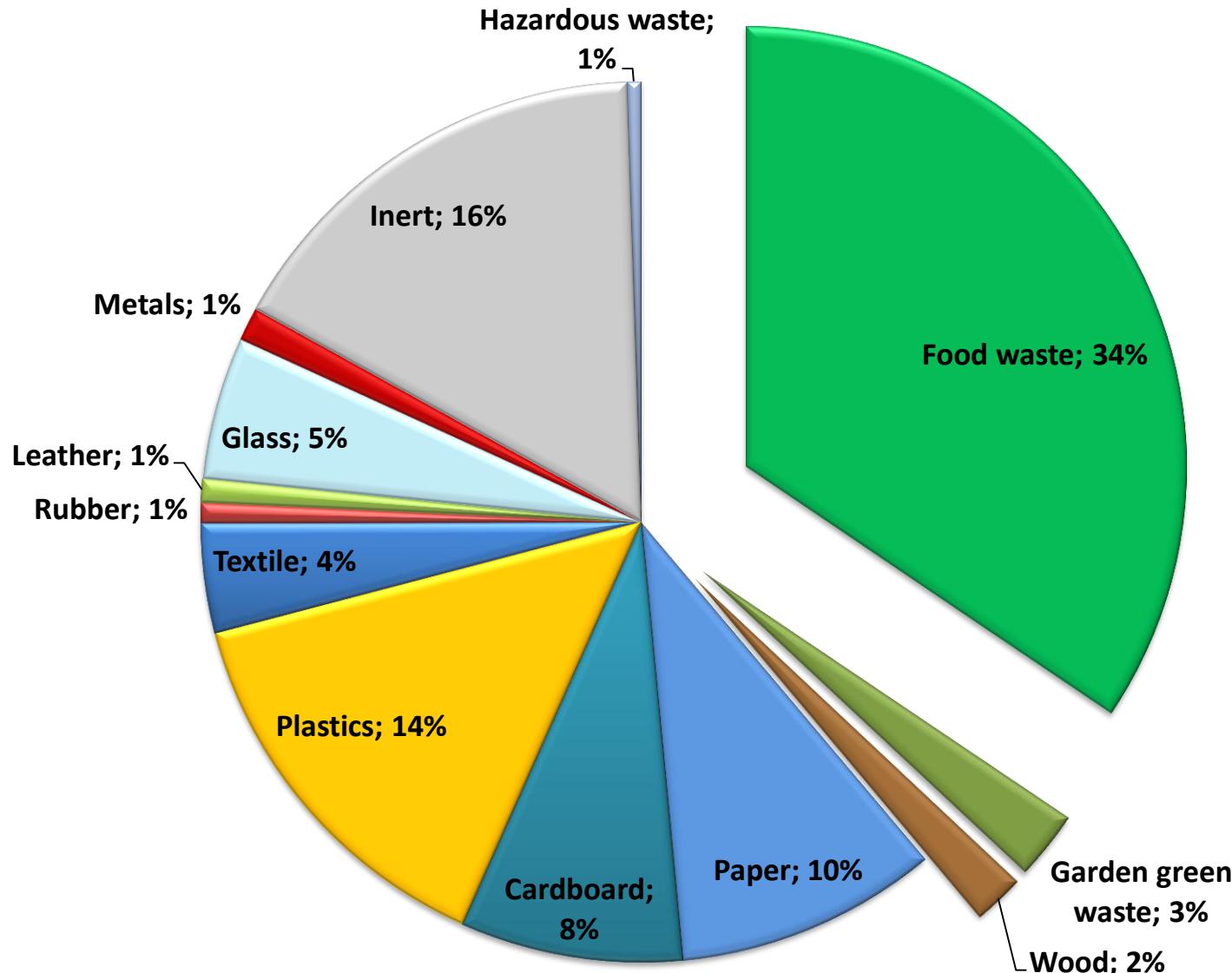
Mixed household waste



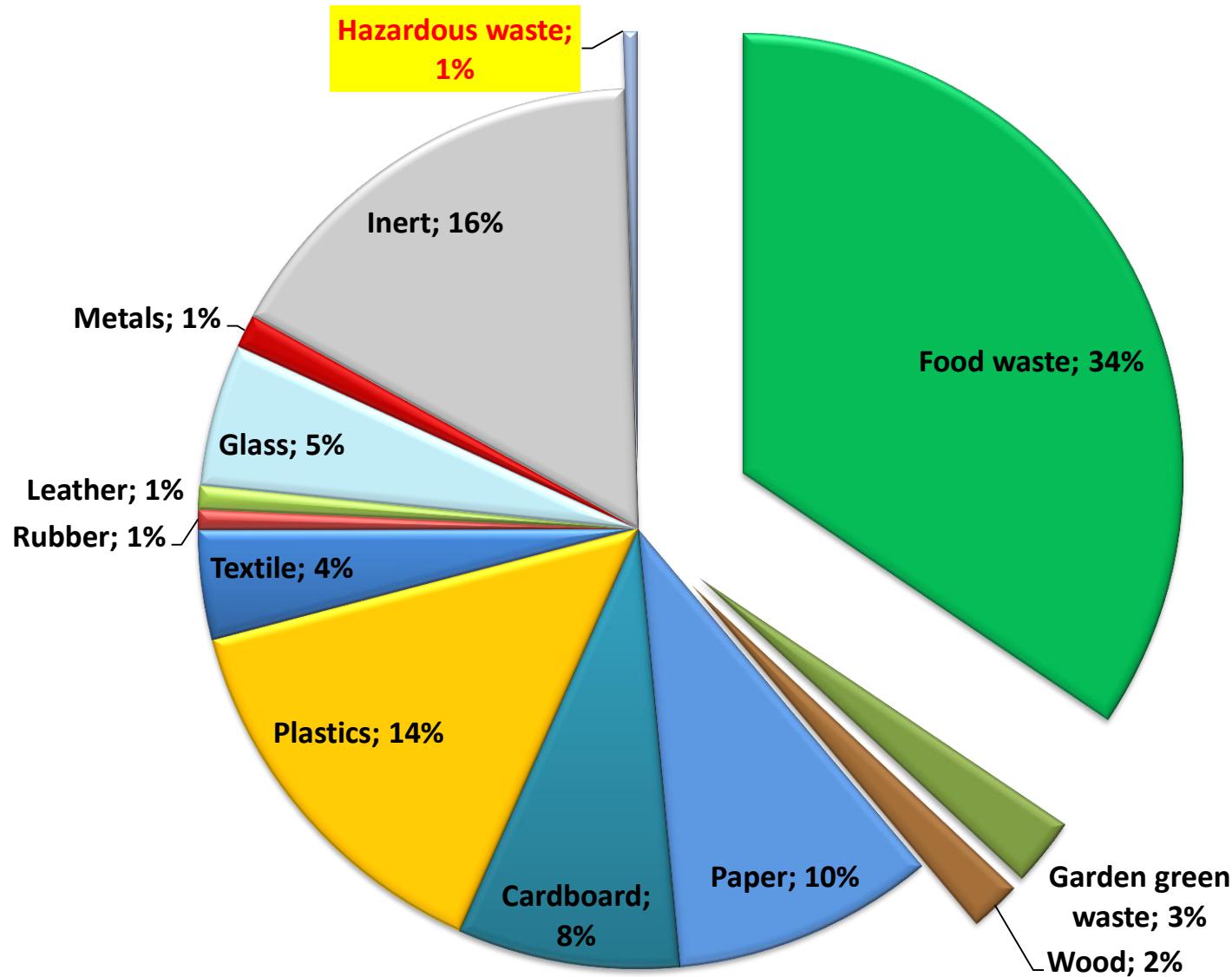
Composition of waste – Example Sofia Municipality



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Composition of waste – Example Sofia Municipality



Feedstocks for biowaste-treatment: bio-bin



Feedstocks for biowaste-treatment: food waste



Foto: J. Biala

“Biowaste”: Source Separated Kitchen and Garden Waste



Strategies for biological waste treatment

Feedstock

Biowaste treatment

Clean organic waste „Bio-bin“

Source separated from households,
restaurants, markets ...

Technologies

Mechanical-biological waste Treatment (MBT)

Mixed waste „grey bin“

from household or industry

Treatment target products

Mechanical preparation: shredding, screening, mixing, separation
Biological treatment: composting, anaerobic digestion

→ Production of high quality
compost for land application

→ Biogas → renewable energy

→ Stabilisation prior to landfilling
→ Separation of recyclables and RDF
→ Low quality compost for restricted
use

Mechanical preparation: Screening



Metal separation – magnet, eddy current separation



Composting

Organic matter + oxygen → CO₂ + water + compost + heat

Windrow composting

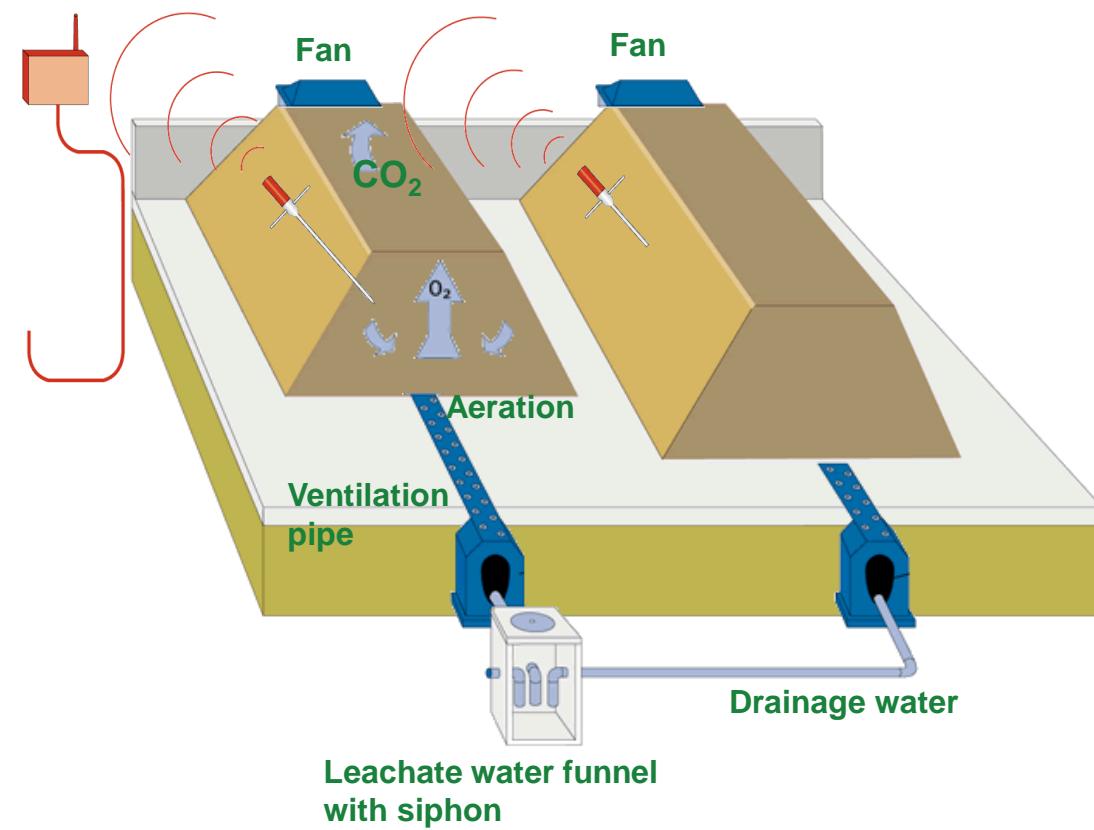


Can be applied for small quantities – decentralized solutions

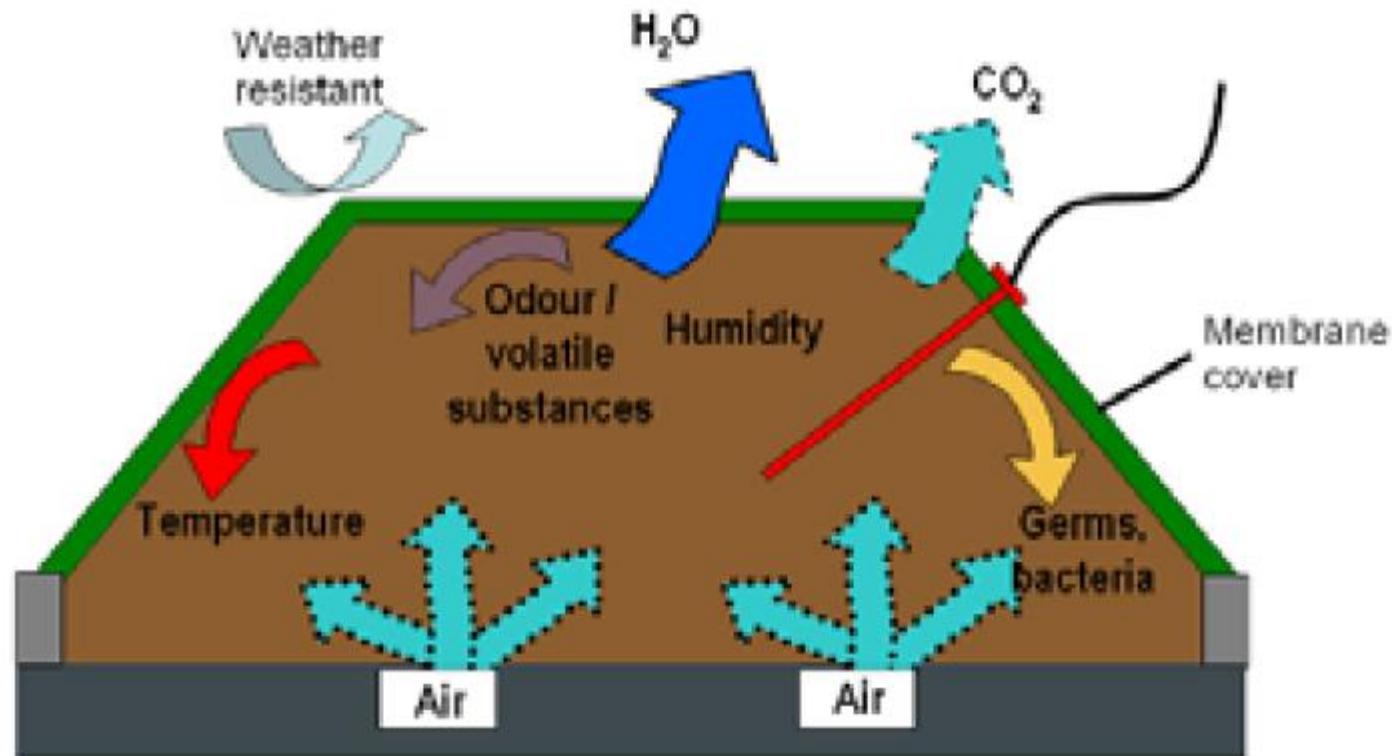
Forced aeration in windrow composting



Temperature GSM
transmition



Windrow composting with membrane cover



Windrow composting with roof and housed



Tunnel composting



Table windrow composting with automatic turning



Composting

Organic matter + **oxygen** → **CO₂** + water + **compost** + heat

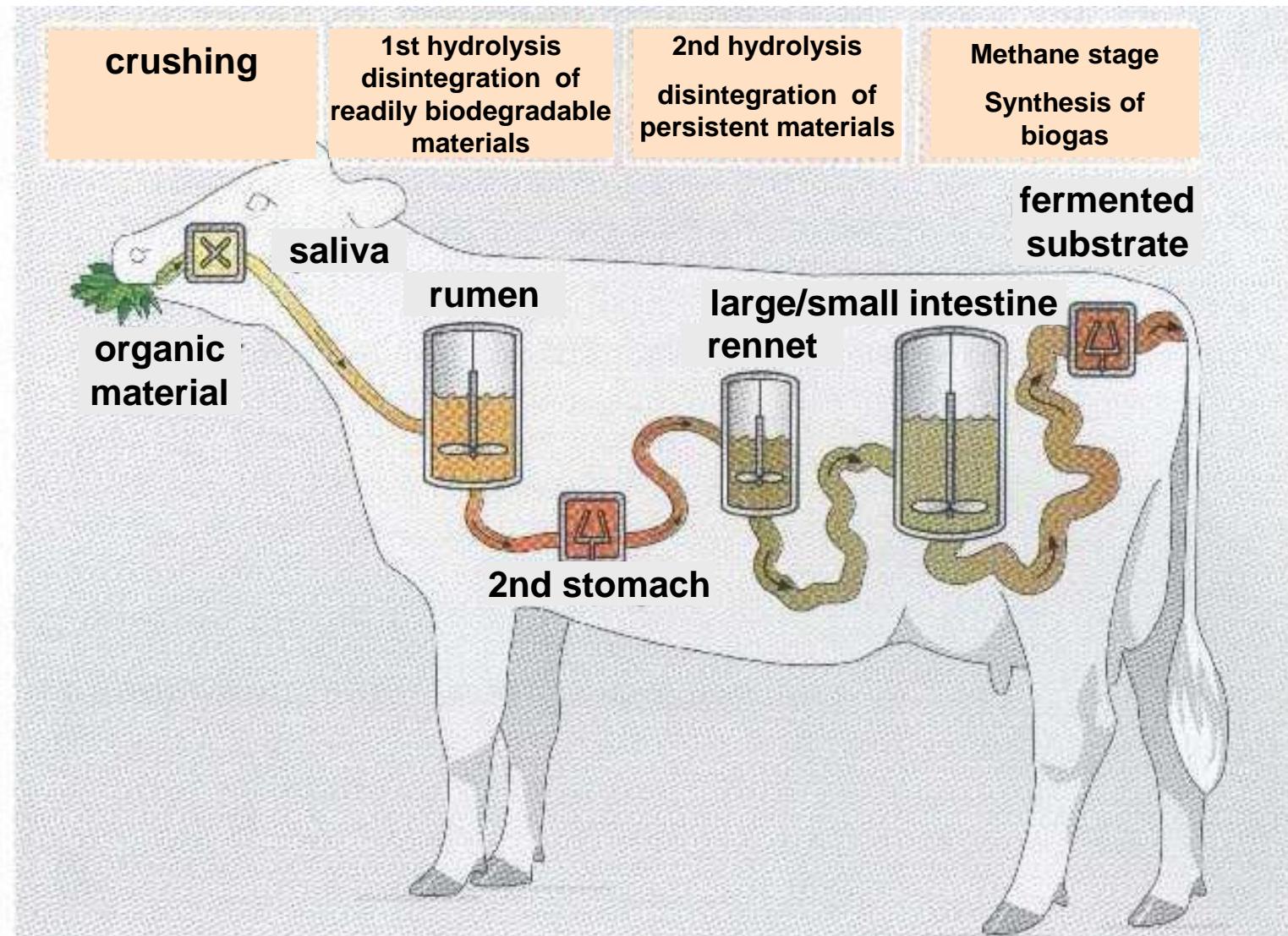
Anaerobic digestion

Organic matter + no oxygen → **Biogas** + digestate

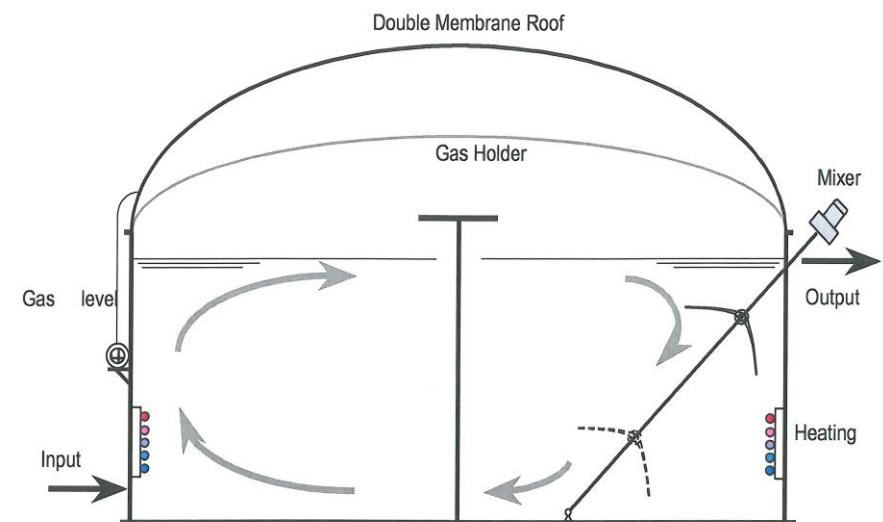
Biogas + oxygen → **CO₂** + water + energy (electricity + heat)

digestate + oxygen → **CO₂** + water + **compost**

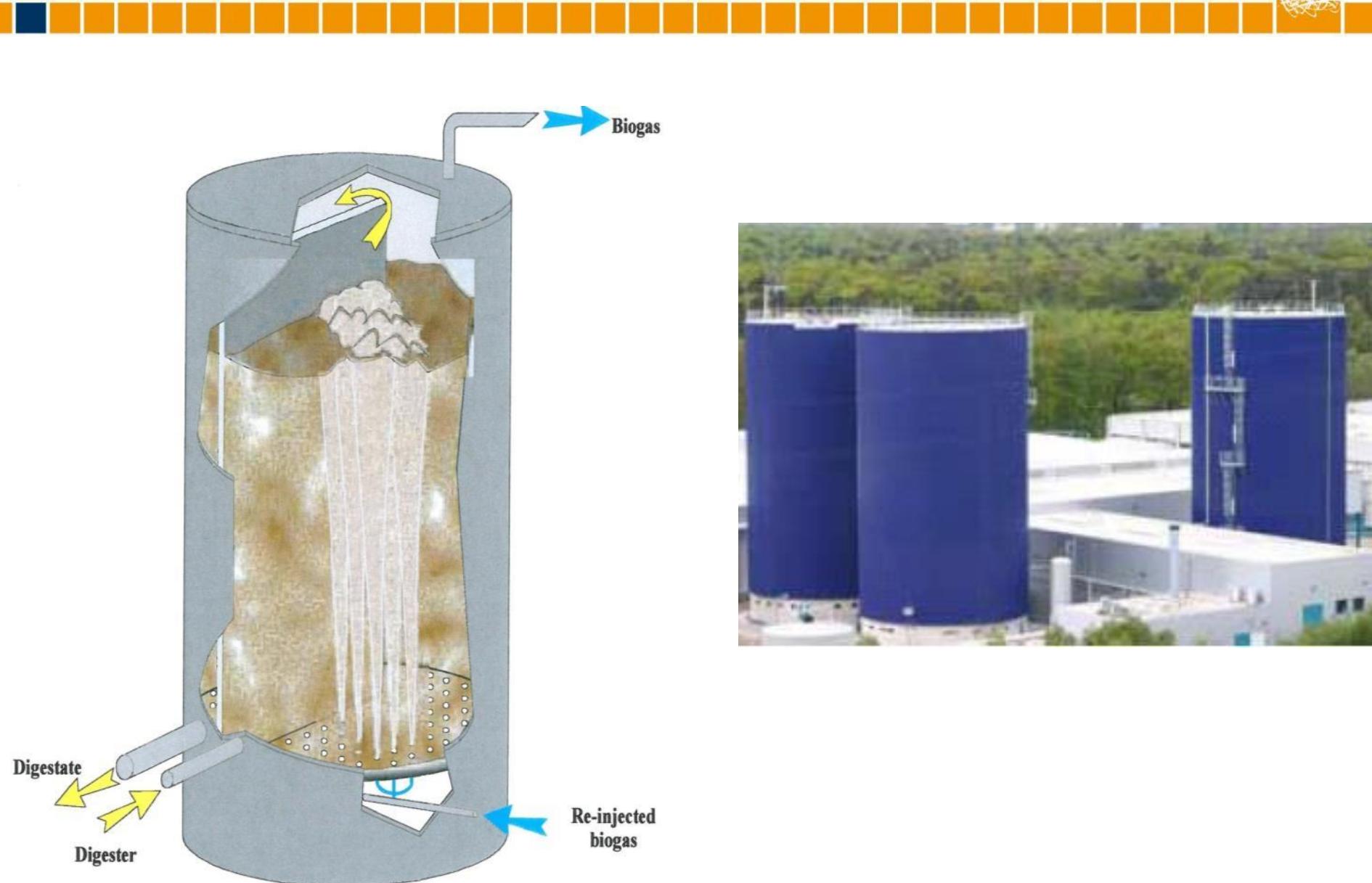
Anaerobic digestion process



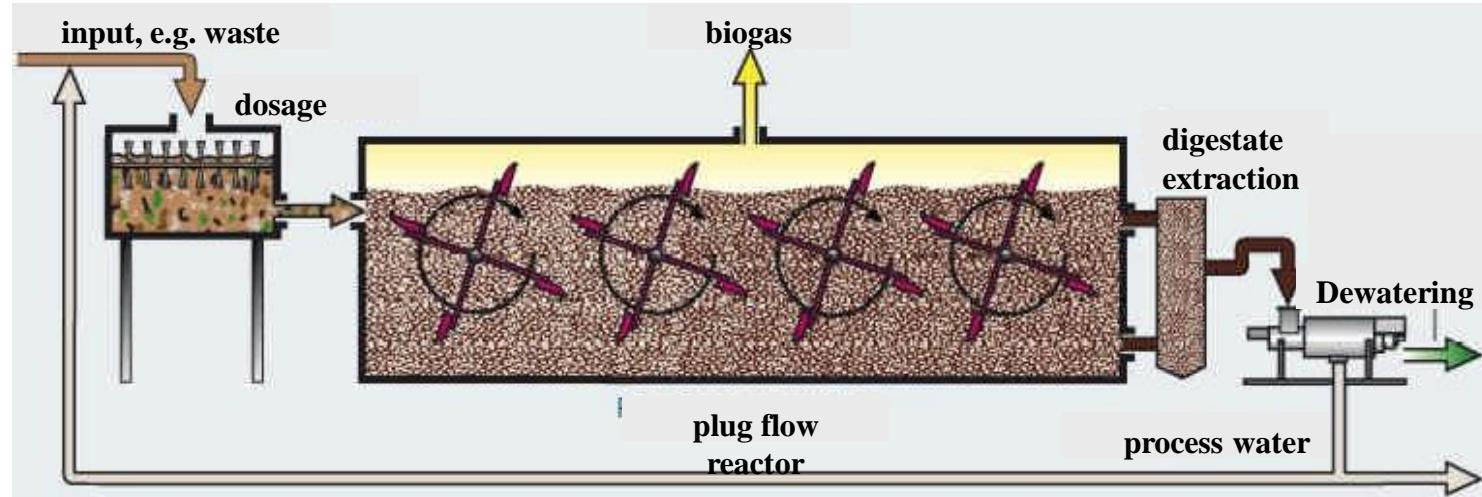
Wet digestion, continuous process



Dry Digestion - continuous process, vertical systems



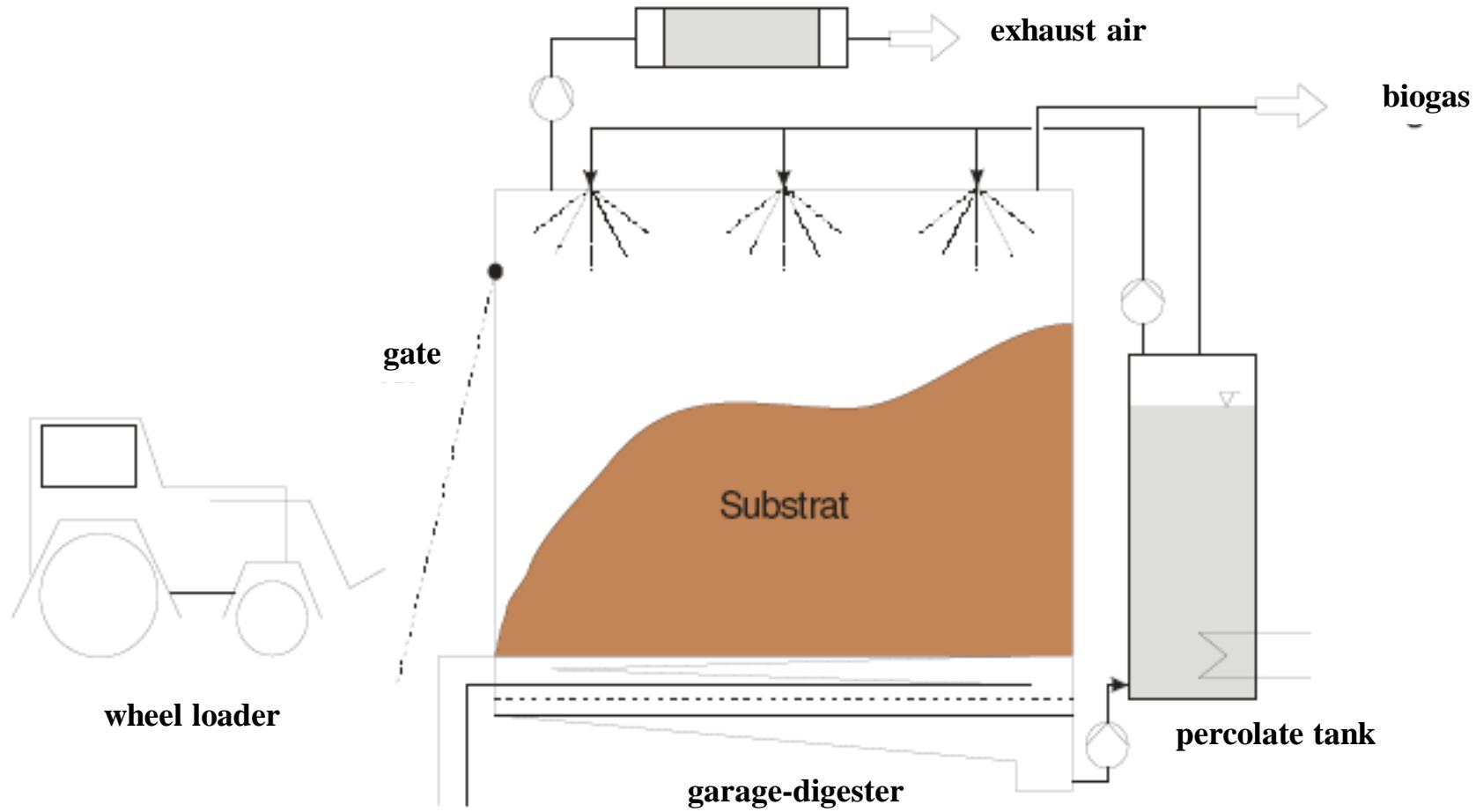
Dry Digestion, continuous process, horizontal digestors



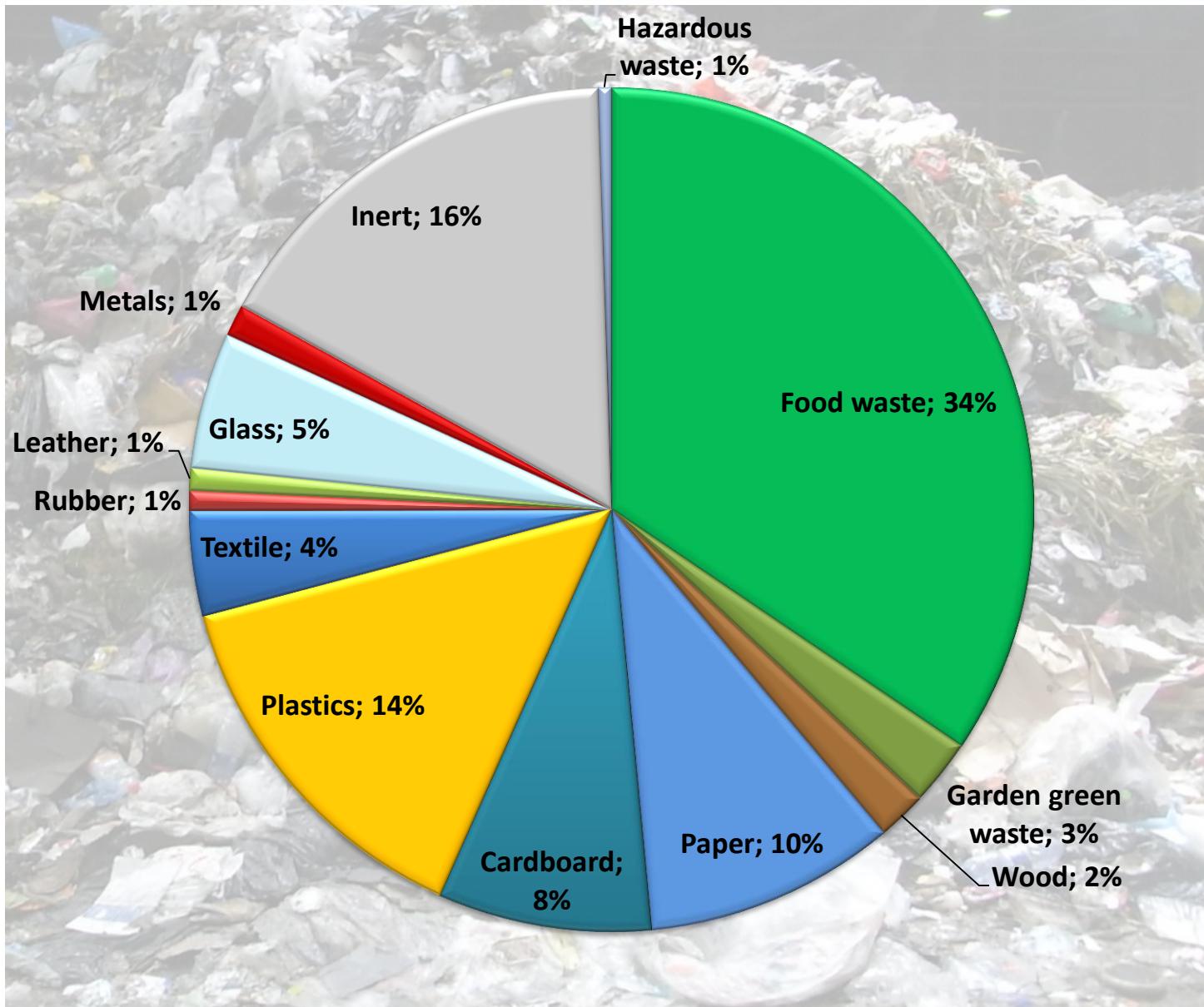
Dry Digestion, batch process



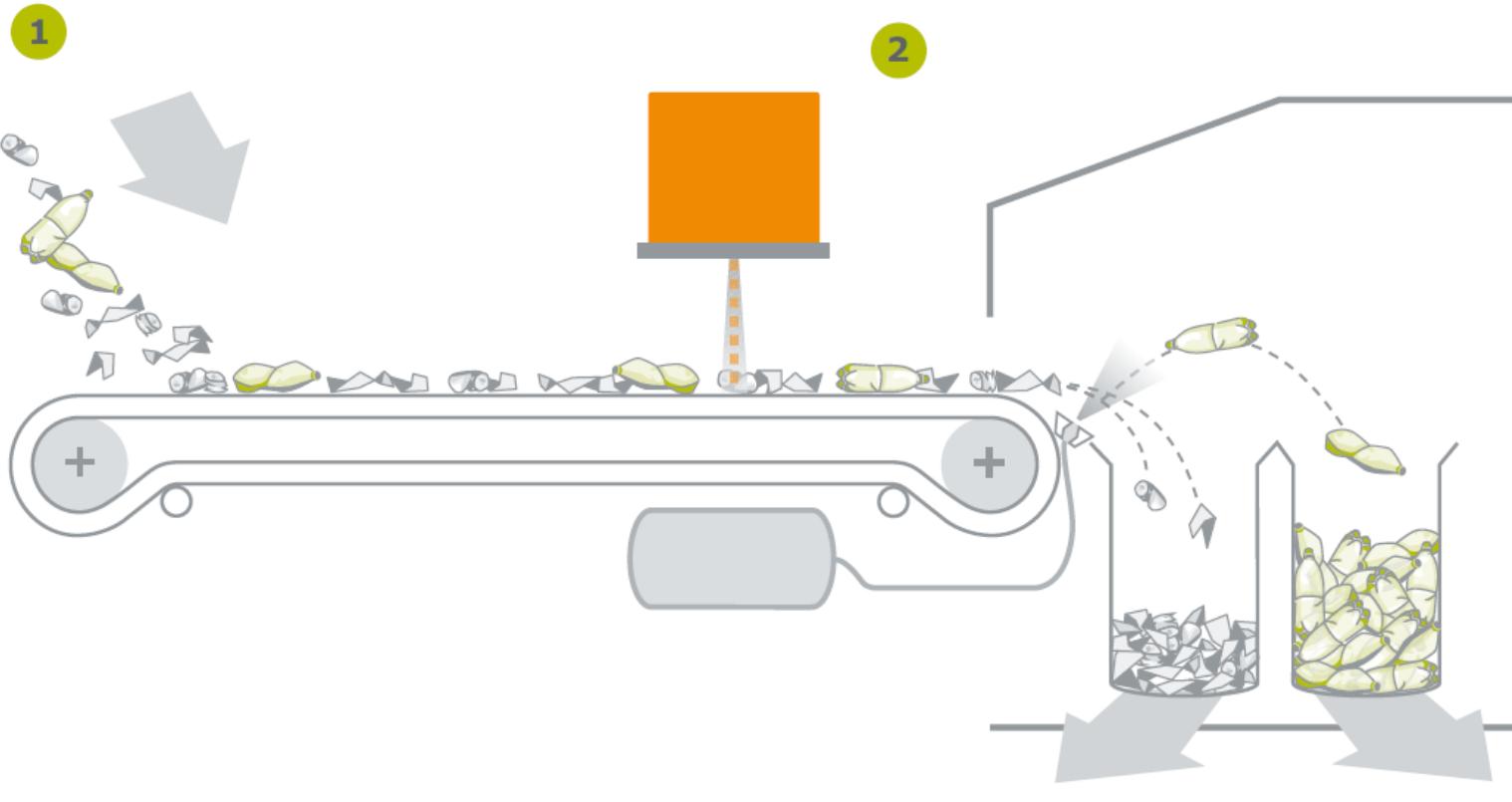
Dry Digestion, batch process



MBT- mechanical biological Treatment of mixed household waste



Separation of recyclables



- 1** Feeding of unsorted material
- 2** Spectrometer scanner
- 3** Separation chamber

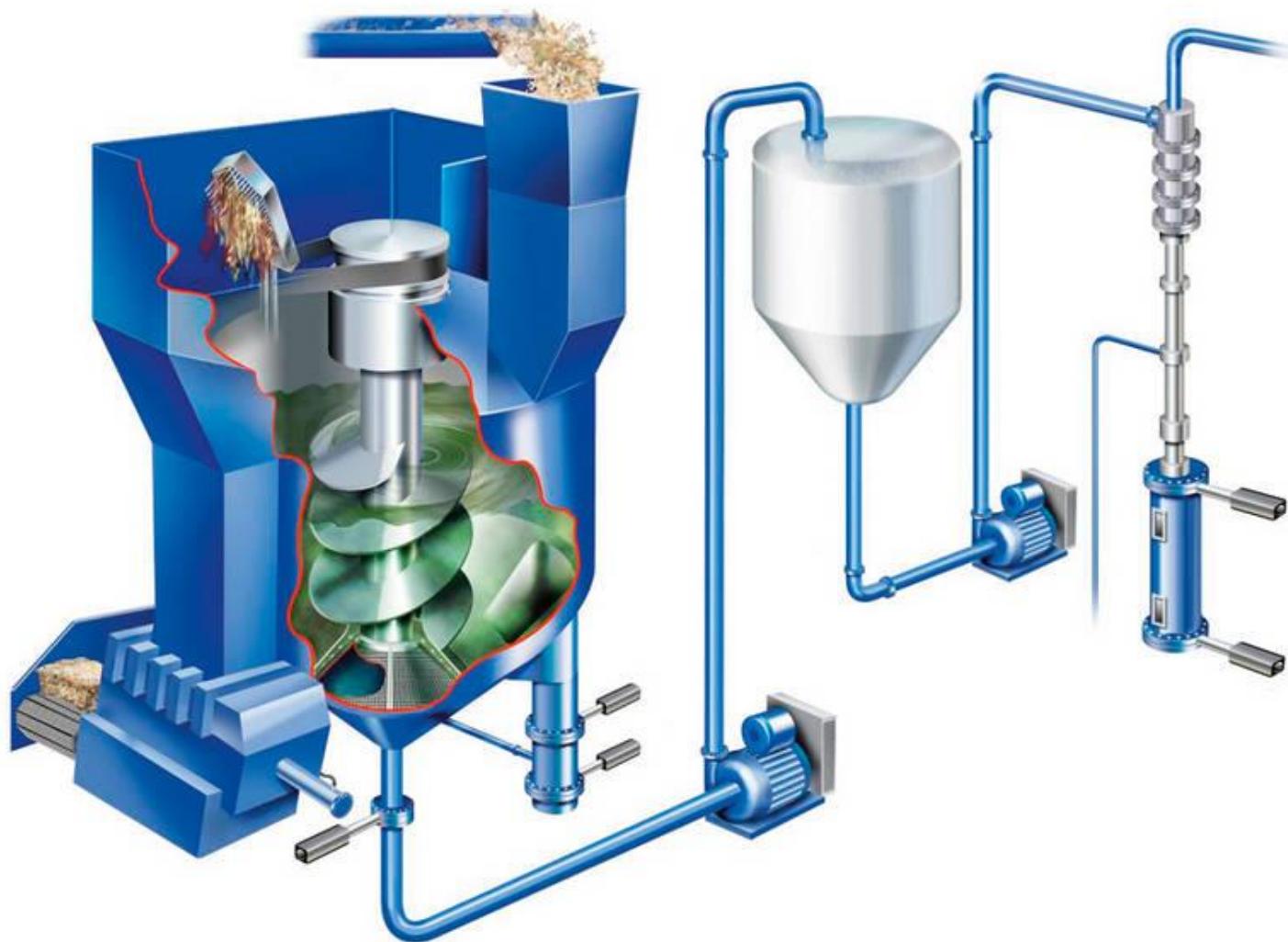
Reccyclables



RDF - Refuse derived fuel



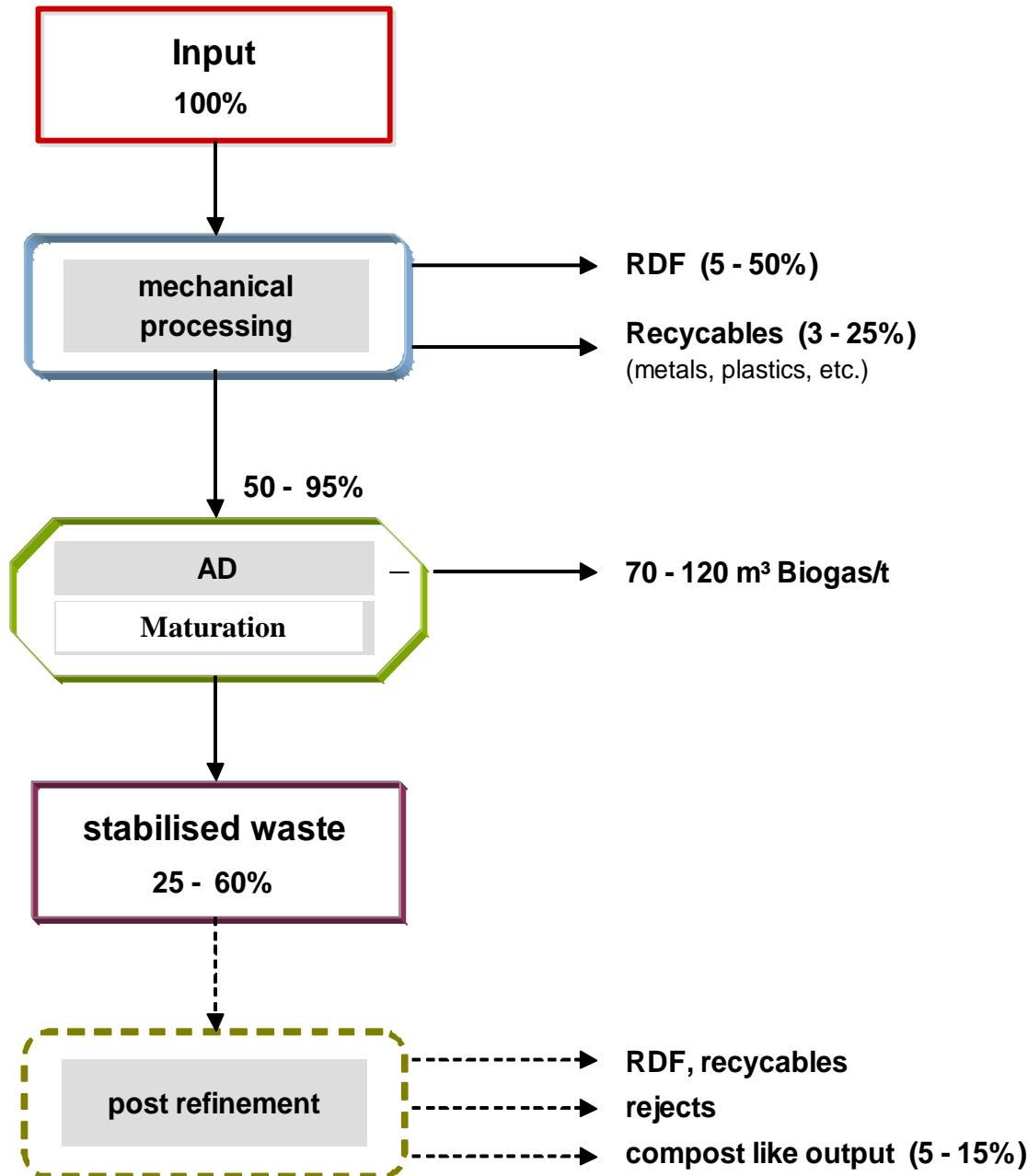
Waste preparation with pulper and grit-removal



Contraries (separated in wet separation)



MBT – generic process flow and mass balance



Required Treatment time for MBT



Properties of compost from a MBT in the UK

Unit	Batch 2 Green waste fully processed	Batch 3 Mixed Household waste 3 weeks processed	Batch 4 Mixed Household waste 12 weeks processed	Batch 8 Mixed Household waste 12 weeks processed < 10 mm	Batch 8 < 10-40 mm	Batch 8 > 40 mm	PAS 100 Potentially Toxic Elements Upper Limits
Dry Matter (DM) [%]	60.7	83.8	81.6	69.5	71.4	76.6	
Total Nitrogen [% of DM]	1.02	1.95	1.71	1.75	0.82	0.29	
Total Phosphorus [% of DM]	0.136	0.268	0.55				
Total Potassium [% of DM]	0.429	0.674	0.25				
Total Carbon [% of DM]	15.4	24.1	20.1	18.7	8.32	23.7	
C : N Ratio	15:1	12:1	11.7:1	11:1	10:1	82:1	
Total Zinc [mg/kg DM]	162	387	435	503	232	122	400
Total Copper [mg/kg DM]	26.2	132	155	159	56.3	40	200
Total Lead [mg/kg DM]	84.2	686	606	433	109	46	200
Total Nickel [mg/kg DM]	5.0	16.5	27.5	29.8	14.4	5.7	50
Total Chromium [mg/kg DM]	7.8	18.1	31.7	30.0	14.4	5.05	100
Total Mercury [mg/kg DM]	0.16	0.13	0.45	0.70	1.97	0.60	1
Total Cadmium [mg/kg DM]	0.29	1.15	3.49	1.68	0.53	0.29	1.5
PH	7.61	7.26	8.3	7.5			
Conductivity [Mmhos]	0.78	1.35					

Required Treatment time for MBT

	Respiration acitivity < 5 mg/g DM (German/Austrian limits)	Respiration acitivity < 10 mg/g DM (EC limit)
Composting	8 – 16 weeks	5 – 8 weeks
AD + composting	2-3 weeks AD 4 – 10 weeks composting	2-3 weeks AD 2 – 5 weeks composting

Landfilling of MBT residues



- ☞ **Biological waste treatment is proven and accepted across Europe**
- ☞ **Source separated organic waste is increasingly seen as a resource to produce**
 - * **high quality compost and fertilizer (liquid digestate)**
 - * **renewable energy from biogas**
- ☞ **Biological waste treatment provides high flexibility**
 - can be designed for a wide range of capacities – from small to big
 - can be developed gradually, in terms of capacity and treatment targets
 - is flexible in terms of feedstock (change from MBT to treatment of clean organic waste)
- ☞ **MBT is an efficient option for the treatment of mixed waste to meet the requirements of the EU landfill directive**



Thank you for your attention

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